

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

APPLICANT: Andrew Mark Gutman et al.  
ORIGINAL PATENT NO.: 6,298,383  
REISSUE SERIAL NO.: 10/679,203  
FILING DATE: October 2, 2003  
TITLE: Integration of Authentication Authorization and  
Accounting Service and Proxy Service  
EXAMINER: Robert Harrell  
ART UNIT: 2152

---

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as First Class  
Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, Mail Stop: Reissue, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria,  
VA 22313-1450, on the date printed below:

Date:

10/20/04

Name:

Carol Diez

---

MAIL STOP REISSUE  
COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. BOX 1450  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450

**STATEMENT OF STATUS AND SUPPORT FOR ALL CHANGES TO THE CLAIMS**  
**UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.173(c)**

Claim 1: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 2: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 3: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 4: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 4, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 5: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 6: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 7: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 8: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 9: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 9, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 10: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 11: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 12: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 13: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 13, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 14: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 15: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 16: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 17: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 17, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 18: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 19: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 20: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 21: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 21, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 22: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 23: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 24: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 25: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 25, the original patent specification shows

a method of managing network access requests to a data communications network, said method comprising:

receiving at a protocol gateway in a point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network a network access request from a user through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);

parsing the network access request for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);

routing the network access request to an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service associated with the PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);

looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in a database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);

proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124); and

assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 26: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 27: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 28: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 28, the original patent specification shows said proxy database populated at instantiation of said proxy service by receiving information published by said publisher from said central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 10 reference numeral 108).

Claim 29: Original- Pending – Not Amended

Claim 30: Original- Pending – Amended

Support: Per claim 30, the original patent specification shows said proxy databases populated at instantiation of said respective proxy services by receiving information published by said publisher from said central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 10 reference numeral 108).

**Claim 31: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 31, the original patent specification shows

a method for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
maintaining at least a first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);

configuring a database associated with the first AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the first AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31); and

configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31).

**Claim 32: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 32, the original patent specification shows periodically updating the database associated with the first AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the first AAA service (col. 8 lines 36-45, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 28c, and 30c).

**Claim 33: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 33, the original patent specification shows periodically updating the database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 8 lines 36-45, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 28c, and 30c).

**Claim 34: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 34, the original patent specification shows

receiving at a protocol gateway in the first PoP a network access request from a user through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);

parsing the network access request for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);

routing the network access request to the first AAA service at the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);

looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in the first AAA service's database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);

proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

**Claim 35: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 35, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from the AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

**Claim 36: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 36, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

**Claim 37: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 37, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

**Claim 38: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 38, the original patent specification shows a method for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
maintaining a plurality of first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);  
configuring one or more databases associated with the first AAA services from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database(s) associated with the first AAA services (col. 9 lines 16-31); and  
configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31).

**Claim 39: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 39, the original patent specification shows  
receiving at a protocol gateway in the first PoP a network access request from a user through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);  
parsing the network access request for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
routing the network access request to one of said plurality of first AAA services at the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP while load balancing among said plurality of first AAA services (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);

looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in one of said plurality of first AAA service's database(s) if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);  
proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

Claim 40: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 40, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from the AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

Claim 41: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 41, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 42: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 42, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

Claim 43: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 43, the original patent specification shows  
a method for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network, said central database containing access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
maintaining at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network at least one first AAA service (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c) and at least one first proxy service (FIG. 7 reference numeral 28b) and at least one first protocol gateway (FIG. 7 reference numeral 30a) in communication with a network access server (NAS) (FIG. 7);  
periodically transporting information contained in the central database from the central database, over the data communications network, to the first AAA service(s) (col. 8 lines 36-45, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 28c, and 30c), the first proxy service(s) (FIG. 7 reference numeral 30b) and the first protocol gateway(s) (FIG. 7 reference numeral 30a);  
receiving at a protocol gateway in the first PoP a network access request from a user through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);

parsing the network access request at the first protocol gateway for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
routing the network access request to an AAA service at the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);  
looking up access information within a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in a database associated with the first proxy server if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);  
and  
proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the access information if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

Claim 44: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 44, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from an AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

Claim 45: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 45, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 46: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 46, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

Claim 47: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 47, the original patent specification shows a method for managing network access requests to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
receiving at a protocol gateway in a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network a network access request from a user received through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);  
parsing the network access request for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
routing the network access request to one of the plurality of authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP while load balancing among the plurality of AAA services (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);  
looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in a database associated with the one AAA if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);

proxying the network access request via one of a plurality of proxy services to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP while load balancing among the plurality of proxy services (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

Claim 48: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 48, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from the AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

Claim 49: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 49, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 50: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 50, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

Claim 51: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 51, the original patent specification shows

a method for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

- maintaining a central database, said central database containing access information for authentication, authorization and accounting services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);
- maintaining at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network a plurality of AAA services at least one AAA service (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c) and at least one proxy service (FIG. 7 reference numeral 28b) and at least one protocol gateway (FIG. 7 reference numeral 30a) in communication with a network access server (NAS) (FIG. 7);
- periodically transmitting information contained in said central database over the data communications network to said AAA (col. 8 lines 36-45, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 28c, and 30c) and said proxy service (FIG. 7 reference numeral 28b);
- receiving at a protocol gateway in the PoP a network access request from a user through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);
- parsing the network access request at the protocol gateway for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);
- routing the network access request to one of said plurality of AAA services at the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP while load balancing among said plurality of AAA services (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);



looking up access information within a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in a database associated with one of said plurality of proxy services if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP while load balancing among said plurality of proxy services (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122); and proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the access information if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

Claim 52: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 52, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from an AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

Claim 53: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 53, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

Claim 54: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 54, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

Claim 55: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 55, the original patent specification shows a method for managing network access requests to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
periodically transmitting updating information contained in a central database over the data communications network to an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service associated with a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 36-45, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 28c, and 30c);  
receiving at a protocol gateway in the first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network a network access request from a user received through a network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);  
parsing the network access request for an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
routing the network access request to the AAA service associated with the first PoP if the user's domain corresponds to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 118);  
looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in a database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 122);  
proxying the network access request to an AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does

not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 124).

**Claim 56: New- Pending**

Support: Per claim 56, the original patent specification shows obtaining an IP address for the user from the AAA service in the user's domain if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 52-53).

**Claim 57: New- Pending**

Support: Per claim 57, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from a local DHCP pool of IP addresses if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 9 lines 4-15).

**Claim 58: New- Pending**

Support: Per claim 58, the original patent specification shows assigning an IP address to the user from an IP address pool identified in an access-accept packet received from the user's domain's AAA service if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the first PoP (col. 8 line 64 to col. 9 line 3, col. 9, lines 9-15).

**Claim 59: New- Pending**

Support: Per claim 59, the original patent specification shows  
a system for data communications network access management, comprising:  
a central database containing information identifying access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
a first point of presence (PoP) on the data communications network, said first PoP including a protocol gateway in communication with at least one network access server (NAS) (col. 6 line 61 to col 7 line 42, FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30a);  
an AAA service associated with said first PoP and in communication with said protocol gateway and the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);  
a proxy service associated with the first PoP and in communication with said protocol gateway and the data communications network (col. 6 line 61 to col 7 line 42, FIG. 7 reference numerals 30a, 30b, and 32),  
a transmitter, said transmitter transmitting information from said central database to said AAA service at said first PoP and said proxy service at said first PoP over the data communications network (col. 6 lines 35-60, FIG. 7 reference numerals 18, 22, 24, 28b, 30c, and 32);  
said protocol gateway receiving network access requests from users over the NAS, parsing the requests for domain identification and routing the requests for domains other than those associated with the first PoP to the proxy service (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116),  
said proxy service routing network access requests to AAA services in remote domains in accordance with said access information (col. 4 lines 49-52, col. 9 lines 42-46).

Claim 60: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 60, the original patent specification shows  
an AAA database associated with said AAA service at said first PoP (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);  
a proxy database associated with said proxy service at said first PoP (FIG. 7 reference numeral 30b),  
said AAA database populated at instantiation of said AAA service by receiving information transmitted by said transmitter from said central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 9 reference numeral 102),  
said proxy database populated at instantiation of said proxy service by receiving information transmitted by said transmitter from said database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 10 reference numeral 108).

Claim 61: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 61, the original patent specification shows  
a system for data communications network access management, comprising:  
a central database containing information identifying access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
a first point of presence (PoP) on the data communications network, said first PoP including a protocol gateway in communication with at least one network access server (NAS) (col. 6 line 61 to col 7 line 42, FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30a);  
a plurality of AAA services associated with said first PoP and in communication with said protocol gateway (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c), said AAA services subscribing to information published by said publisher (col. 7 lines 45-53);  
a plurality of proxy services associated with said first PoP and in communication with said protocol gateway, said proxy services subscribing to information published by said publisher (col. 7 lines 45-53); and  
a transmitter, said transmitter transmitting information from said central database over the data communications network to said plurality of AAA services associated with said first PoP and to said plurality of proxy services associated with said first PoP (col. 6 lines 35-60, FIG. 7 reference numerals 22, 24, 28b, 30c, and 32),  
said protocol gateway receiving network access requests from users over the NAS, parsing the requests for domain identification (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116) and routing the requests for domains other than those associated with the first PoP to one of said plurality of proxy services while load balancing among them,  
said proxy service routing network access requests to AAA services in remote domains in accordance with said access information (col. 4 lines 49-52, col. 9 lines 42-46).

Claim 62: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 62, the original patent specification shows  
a plurality of AAA databases associated with said respective AAA services at said first PoP (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c); and  
a plurality of proxy databases associated with said respective proxy services at said first PoP,

said AAA databases populated at instantiation of said respective AAA services by receiving information transmitted by said transmitter from said central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 9 reference numeral 102),  
said proxy databases populated at instantiation of said respective proxy services by receiving information transmitted by said transmitter from said central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 10 reference numeral 108).

**Claim 63: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 63, the original patent specification shows  
a system for managing access to a data communications network, said system comprising:  
means for communicating with a central database via the data communications network, the central database containing information identifying access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45, FIG. 7 reference numeral 22);  
means for communicating with a local AAA service associated with a local Point of Presence (PoP) (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32, 30c, and 22);  
means for communicating with a remote AAA service via a local proxy service (col. 9 lines 42-53, FIG. 7 reference numerals 22 and 30b);  
means for instantiating the local AAA service from the central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 9 reference numeral 102);  
means for receiving a network access request from a user through a local network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);  
means for checking the network access request to determine an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
means for routing the network access request to the local AAA service if the user's domain corresponds to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, FIG. 11 reference numeral 118, FIG. 7 reference numeral 22);  
means for looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain in the local AAA service's database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, FIG. 11 reference numeral 122, FIG. 7 reference numeral 34); and  
means for proxying the network access request to a remote AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, FIG. 11 reference numeral 124, and FIG. 7 reference numeral 30b).

**Claim 64: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 64, the original patent specification shows  
a system for managing access to a data communications network, said system comprising:  
means for communicating with a central database via the data communications network, the central database containing information identifying access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45, FIG. 7 reference numeral 22);  
means for communicating with a plurality of local AAA services associated with a local Point of Presence (PoP) (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32, 30c, and 22);

means for communicating with a plurality of local proxy services associated with the local PoP (FIG. 7 reference numerals 22 and 28b);  
means for communicating with a remote AAA service via a local proxy service (col. 9 lines 42-53, FIG. 7 reference numerals 22 and 30b);  
means for instantiating the local AAA services from the central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 9 reference numeral 102);  
means for instantiating the local proxy services from the central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 10 reference numeral 108);  
means for receiving a network access request from a user through a local network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);  
means for checking the network access request to determine an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
means for routing the network access request to the local AAA service if the user's domain corresponds to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 39-41, FIG. 11 reference numeral 118, FIG. 7 reference numeral 22);  
means for looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain with the local AAA services if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 46-49, FIG. 11 reference numeral 122, FIG. 7 reference numeral 34);  
means for proxying the network access request to a remote AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the local AAA services' database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 9 lines 50-52, FIG. 11 reference numeral 124, and FIG. 7 reference numeral 30b); and  
means for receiving network access requests from users over a network access server (NAS), parsing the requests for domain identification (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116) and routing the requests for domains other than those associated with the first PoP to one of said plurality of proxy services while load balancing among them, said proxy service routing network access requests to the remote AAA service in accordance with said access information (col. 4 lines 49-52, col. 9 lines 42-46).

**Claim 65: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 65, the original patent specification shows

a method for accounting for use of a data communications network, said method comprising:  
means for communicating with a central database via the data communications network, the central database containing information identifying access information for authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services associated with domains of the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45, FIG. 7 reference numeral 22);  
means for communicating with at least one local AAA service associated with a local Point of Presence (PoP) (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32, 30c, and 22);  
means for communicating with a remote AAA service (col. 9 lines 42-53, FIG. 7 reference numerals 22 and 30b);  
means for instantiating the local AAA services from the central database (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 9 reference numeral 102);  
means for receiving a network access request from a user through a local network access server (NAS) (col. 8 lines 46-50, col. 9 lines 36-38, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 114);

means for checking the network access request to determine an identification of the user's domain (col. 9 lines 38-39, and FIG. 11 reference numeral 116);  
means for routing accounting information associated with the user to the local AAA service if the user's domain corresponds to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 18-20, FIG. 13 reference numeral 136);  
means for looking up a domain identification entry corresponding to the user's domain with the local AAA services if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 20-23, FIG. 13 reference numeral 138);  
means for routing the accounting information to a remote AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the local AAA services' database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 20-23, FIG. 13 reference numeral 138).

**Claim 66: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 66, the original patent specification shows a method for managing network access accounting in a data communications network, said method comprising:  
maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
maintaining at least a local authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a local point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);  
configuring a database associated with the local AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the local AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31);  
receiving accounting information from a network access server (NAS) responsive to utilization of the data communications network by a user coupled to the data communications network through the NAS (col. 10 lines 14, FIG. 13 reference numeral 132);  
forwarding said accounting information to the local AAA service if the user's domain corresponds to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 18-20, FIG. 13 reference numeral 136);  
and  
forwarding said accounting information to a remote AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the local AAA service's database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 20-23, FIG. 13 reference numeral 138).

**Claim 67: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 67, the original patent specification shows an apparatus for managing network access accounting in a data communications network, said apparatus comprising:  
means for maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
means for maintaining at least a local authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a local point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);

means for configuring a database associated with the local AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the local AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16);

means for receiving accounting information from a network access server (NAS) responsive to utilization of the data communications network by a user coupled to the data communications network through the NAS (col. 10 lines 14, FIG. 13 reference numeral 132);

means for forwarding said accounting information to the local AAA service if the user's domain corresponds to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 18-20, FIG. 13 reference numeral 136);

and

means for forwarding said accounting information to a remote AAA service in the user's domain at an address and port as specified in the domain identification entry of the local AAA service's database if the user's domain does not correspond to that of the local PoP (col. 10 lines 20-23, FIG. 13 reference numeral 138).

Claim 68: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 68, the original patent specification shows

a system for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);

at least a first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c); and

a database configurer configuring a database associated with the first AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the first AAA service and configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).

Claim 69: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 69, the original patent specification shows

an apparatus for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

means for maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);

means for maintaining at least a first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);

means for configuring a database associated with the first AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network

to the database associated with the first AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16); and  
means for configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).

Claim 70: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 70, the original patent specification shows  
a system for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
a plurality of first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services disposed at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service disposed at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c);  
a first database configurer configuring one or more databases associated with the first AAA services from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database(s) associated with the first AAA services (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16); and  
a second database configurer configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).

Claim 71: New- Pending

Support: Per claim 71, the original patent specification shows  
an apparatus for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:  
means for maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);  
means for maintaining a plurality of first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c); and  
means for configuring one or more databases associated with the first AAA services from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database(s) associated with the first AAA services (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16); and  
means for configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).



**Claim 72: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 72, the original patent specification shows

a system for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);

a plurality of first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) services disposed at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service disposed at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c); and

a database configurer configuring one or more databases associated with the first AAA services from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database(s) associated with the first AAA services and configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).

**Claim 73: New- Pending**

**Support:** Per claim 73, the original patent specification shows

an apparatus for managing network access to a data communications network, said method comprising:

means for maintaining a central database coupled to the data communications network (col. 8 lines 37-45);

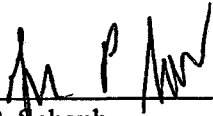
means for maintaining a plurality of first authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) service at a first point of presence (PoP) of the data communications network and a second AAA service at a second PoP of the data communications network (col. 6 lines 61-65, and FIG. 7 reference numerals 32 and 30c); and

means for configuring one or more databases associated with the first AAA services from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database(s) associated with the first AAA services and for configuring a database associated with the second AAA service from the central database by transporting information from the central database over the data communications network to the database associated with the second AAA service (col. 9 lines 16-31, FIG. 7 reference numeral 16).

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any  
overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-1698.

Respectfully submitted,  
THELEN REID & PRIEST LLP

Dated: October 20, 2004

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
John P. Schaub  
Reg. No. 42,125

THELEN REID & PRIEST LLP  
P.O. Box 640640  
San Jose, CA 95164-0640  
Phone: (408) 292-5800  
Fax: (408) 287-8040